0.56" Quadruple Digit Numeric Displays

Technical Data Sheet

Model No.: DL4-561XRB

Features:

- 1. 0.56" (inch) digit height.
- 2. Excellent segment uniformity.
- 3. Sold state reliability.
- 4. Industrial standard size.
- 5. Low power consumption.
- 6. The product itself will remain within RoHS compliant Version.

Descriptions:

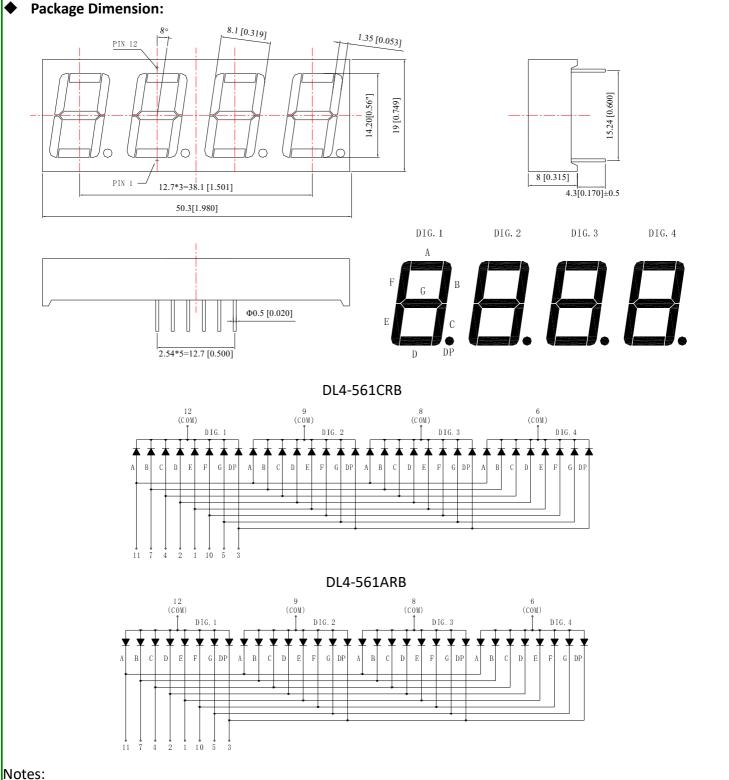
- 1. The DL4-561XRB series is a lager 14.20 mm (0.56") high seven segments display designed for viewing distances up to 7 meters.
- 2. These displays provide excellent reliability in bright ambient light.
- 3. These devices are made with white segments and black surface

Applications:

- 1. Audio equipment.
- 2. Instrument panels.
- 3. Digital read out display.

• Device Selection Guide:

Model No.	Chip Material	Source Color	Description	
DL4-561ARB	Super Bright Red		Common Anode	
DL4-561CRB	GaAlAs	Super Bright Red	Common Cathode	



- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is ±0.25 mm (.010") unless otherwise noted..
- 3. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25 °C						
Parameters	Symbol	Max.	Unit			
Power Dissipation Per Segment	PD	100	mW			
Peak Forward Current Per Segment (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	IFP	100	mA			
Forward Current Per Segment	IF	25	mA			
Dating Linear From 50 $^\circ \! \mathbb{C}$		0.4	mA / ℃			
Reverse Voltage	VR	5	V			
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	-40℃ to +80℃				
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-40°℃ to +85℃				
Soldering Temperature	Tsld	260 $^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$ for 5 Seconds				

Electrical Optical Characteristics at Ta=25 $^{\circ}$ C

Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity	lv	6.0	12.0		mcd	IF=20mA (Note 1)
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio (Segment To Segment)	I _{v-m}			2:1		IF=10mA
Peak Emission Wavelength	λρ		660		nm	IF=20mA
Dominant Wavelength	λd		640		nm	IF=20mA (Note 2)
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ		20		nm	IF=20mA
Forward Voltage	VF		2.20	2.80	V	IF=20mA
Reverse Current	IR			50	μA	VR=5V

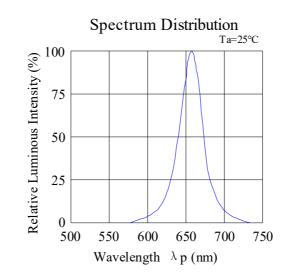
Notes:

1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.

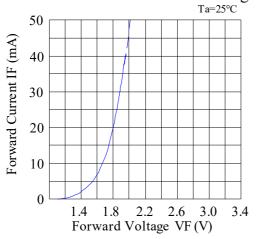
2. The dominant wavelength (λ d) is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.

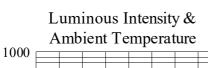
Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves

(25[°]C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



Forward Current & Forward Voltage

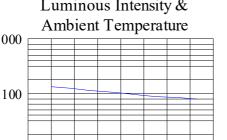




Relative Luminous Intensity (%)

10

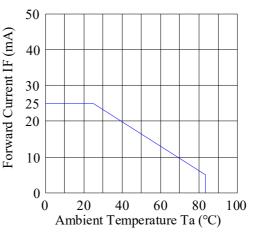
1



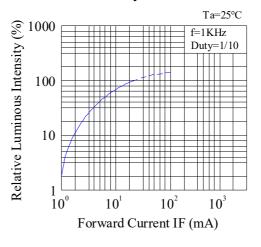
-60 -40 -20 0 20 40 60 80 100

Ambient Temperature Ta (°C)

Forward Current Derating Curve



Luminous Intensity & Forward Current



Please read the following notes before using the datasheets:

1. Over-current-proof

Customer must apply resistors for protection, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen).

2. Storage

2.1 Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.

2.2 Before opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at 30 $^\circ\!{\rm C}$ $\,$ or less and 90%RH or less.

2.3 The LEDs should be used within a year.

2.4 After opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at 30 $^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$ $\,$ or less and 70%RH or less.

- 3. Soldering Condition
 - 3.1 Pb-free solder temperature profile.
 - 3.2 Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- 4. Soldering Iron

Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than 260° C for 5 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.

5. Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.